ANNEX IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. **That Regulation** does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Yes × No It made **sustainable** It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) × investments with an characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a environmental objective: % sustainable investment, it had a proportion of in economic activities that 56.70% of sustainable investments qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic sustainable under the EU activities that qualify as environmentally Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally × economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective × It made sustainable investments It promoted E/S characteristics, but **did not** make any sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%



indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

Sustainability

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The following characteristic was promoted by the financial product:

A sustainability profile that is higher than its benchmark's sustainability profile or a UBS ESG consensus score between 7 and 10 (indicating a strong sustainability profile).

The extent to which the environmental and/ or social characteristic promoted by this financial product is met is stated in the answer to the question "How did the sustainability indicators perform?" of this annex.

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?

Product name: UBS (Lux) Equity Fund - Euro Countries Opportunity Sustainable (EUR)

Legal entity identifier: 549300CL2G6Y5RVEBR40

The benchmark is a broad market index which does not assess or include constituents according to environmental and/or social characteristics and therefore is not intended to be consistent with the characteristics promoted by the financial product. No ESG reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the characteristics promoted by the financial product.

The sustainability profile of the financial product is measured by its benchmark's profile and the corresponding results are calculated at least once a year from the respective monthly profiles.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period, the UBS ESG consensus score of the financial product was higher than that of its benchmark.

- UBS consensus score of the financial product: 7.55
- UBS consensus score of the benchmark: 7.35

The UBS ESG consensus score is below the range of 7 to 10 (indicating a strong sustainability profile).

...and compared to previous periods?

Not applicable. This is the first reference period.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make is to contribute to the environmental and/or social characteristic(s) promoted by the financial product.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The Portfolio Manager applies exclusions to the investment universe of the financial product. The link to the Sustainability Exclusion Policy can be found in the main body of the Sales Prospectus.

The exclusions include thermal coal mining and thermal coal-based energy production & oil sands. UBS Asset Management does not invest in companies involved in controversial weapons i.e. cluster munitions, anti-personnel mines, chemical and biological weapons, or companies in breach of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons.

Investments are positively screened according to the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

The Portfolio Manager employs a proprietary ESG Risk Dashboard, the Dashboard allows equity and credit analysts to quickly identify companies with significant ESG risks via the "UBS ESG Risk Signal". This clear, actionable signal serves as starting point for more in-depth analysis of the underlying sources of these risks and the links to their investment cases.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Companies violating the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles, who do not demonstrate credible corrective action were excluded from the investment universe.

How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

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The list includes the investments constituting **the** greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 30.11.2022

What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest Investments	Sector	% Net Assets*	Country
LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton SE	Textiles, garm & leather goods	6.37	France
ASML Holding NV	Electronics & semiconductors	5.32	Netherlands
Sanofi	Pharmaceuticals, cosm & med prod	5.21	France
Iberdrola SA	Energy & water supply	3.95	Spain
Heineken NV	Tobacco & alcohol	3.82	Netherlands
Pernod Ricard SA	Tobacco & alcohol	3.64	France
Sampo Oyj	Insurance companies	3.43	Finland
Deutsche Telekom AG	Telecommunication	3.36	Germany
Air Liquide SA	Chemicals	3.19	France
L'Oreal SA	Pharmaceuticals, cosm & med prod	2.90	France
Schneider Electric SE	Electr appliances & components	2.86	France
EssilorLuxottica SA	Pharmaceuticals, cosm & med prod	2.67	France
SAP SE	Internet, software & IT serv	2.61	Germany
Wolters Kluwer NV Muenchener Rueckversicherungs-Gesellschaft AG in	Graphics, publishing, media	2.14	Netherlands
Muenchen	Insurance companies	2.05	Germany

*Minor differences with "Statement of Investments in Securities" might occur due to rounding in production system

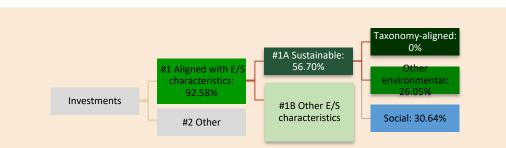


What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

As per the end of the reference period the proportion of sustainability-related investments of the financial product was 56.70%.

What was the asset allocation?

The proportions of investments of the financial product were calculated as per the end of the reference period, which is: 30.11.2022.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.

- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Please refer to the section "Structure of the Securities Portfolio" of the relevant sub-fund of this Annual report to review the breakdown of the economic sectors where the investments were made.

To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The financial product had 0% Taxonomy Aligned Investments.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflects the "greenness" of investee companies today.
- capital

expenditure (CapEx) shows the green investments made by investee companies, relevant for a transition to a green economy.

 operational expenditure (OpEx) reflects the green operational activities of investee companies.



Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional

activities are

activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are

sustainable investments with an environmental objective that **do not take into account the criteria** for environmentally sustainable economic activities under





The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds^{*}, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

There were no investments in transitional and enabling activities.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods? Not applicable. This is the first reference period.

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The financial product had a proportion of sustainable investment with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy as stated in the asset allocation section of this annex.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The financial product had a proportion of socially sustainable investment as stated in the asset allocation section of this annex.

What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Included in "#2 Other" are cash and unrated instruments for the purpose of liquidity and portfolio risk management. Unrated instruments may also include securities for which data needed for the measurement of attainment of environmental or social characteristics is not available.

What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, the environmental and/ or social characteristics were met by following the investment strategy and applying exclusion criteria as per the sales prospectus. The investment strategies and/ or exclusion criteria are monitored to ensure adherence.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

No ESG reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of determining whether the financial product is aligned with the characteristics that it promotes.

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

Not applicable.

Reference

benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.