### ANNEX IV

## Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

#### Sustainable

**investment** means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852. establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Sustainability indicators

measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained. **Product name:** UBS (Lux) Bond SICAV – Green Social Sustainable Bonds (EUR) **Legal entity identifier:** 549300QRLQHB53UP7078

### Environmental and/or social characteristics

#### Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes No X X It promoted Environmental/ It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective: Social (E/S) characteristics % and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 73.18% of in economic activities that sustainable investments qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as in economic activities that do environmentally sustainable not qualify as environmentally under the EU Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy **X** with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy with a social objective It made sustainable investments It promoted E/S characteristics, but with a social objective: % did not make any sustainable investments

## To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The following characteristic is promoted by the financial product:

Invest at least two thirds of the assets in "green", "social", "sustainable" bonds, the proceeds of which are used for eligible environmental and social projects, in "sustainability-linked" bonds that include environmental, social and governance-related key performance indicators to which the issuers are committed, as well as in bonds from issuers that generate more than 50% of their revenue from activities that contribute to resolving environmental and social challenges.

The extent to which the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product is met is stated in the answer to the question "How did the sustainability indicators perform?" of this annex.

#### How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period, 88.69% of the financial products assets were invested in "green", "social", "sustainable" bonds.

#### … and compared to previous periods?

Not applicable. This is the first reference period.

## What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made was to contribute to the environmental and/or social characteristic(s) promoted by the financial product.

#### How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The Portfolio Manager applies exclusions to the investment universe of the financial product. The link to the Sustainability Exclusion Policy can be found in the main body of the Sales Prospectus.

The exclusions include thermal coal mining and thermal coal-based energy production & oil sands. UBS Asset Management does not invest in companies involved in controversial weapons i.e. cluster munitions, anti-personnel mines, chemical and biological weapons, or companies in breach of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons.

Investments are positively screened according to the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

---- How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

The Portfolio Manager employs a proprietary ESG Risk Dashboard, the Dashboard allows equity and credit analysts to quickly identify companies with significant ESG risks via the "UBS ESG Risk Signal". This clear, actionable signal serves as starting point for more in-depth analysis of the underlying sources of these risks and the links to their investment cases.

----Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Companies violating the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles, who do not demonstrate credible corrective action will be excluded from the investment universe.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



### How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The Portfolio Manager applies exclusions to the investment universe of the financial product. The link to the Sustainability Exclusion Policy can be found in the main body of the Sales Prospectus.

The exclusions include thermal coal mining and thermal coal-based energy production & oil sands. UBS Asset Management does not invest in companies involved in controversial weapons i.e. cluster munitions, anti-personnel mines, chemical and biological weapons, or companies in breach of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons.

The Portfolio Manager employs a proprietary ESG Risk Dashboard, the Dashboard allows equity and credit analysts to quickly identify companies with significant ESG risks via the "UBS ESG Risk Signal". This clear, actionable signal serves as starting point for more in-depth analysis of the underlying sources of these risks and the links to their investment cases.

Companies violating the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles, which do not demonstrate credible corrective action will be excluded from the investment universe.



The list includes the investments constituting **the greatest proportion of investments** of the financial product during the reference period which is: 31 May 2023.

#### What were the top investments of this financial product?

Largest Investments	Sector	% Net Assets*	Country
United States Treasury Note/Bond	Countries & Central Government	5.02	United States of America
International Bank for Reconstruction & Development	Supranational organisations	4.39	United States of America
Caisse d'Amortissement de la Dette Sociale	Public, non-profit institutions	3.15	France
Iberdrola International BV	Electr appliances & components	1.73	Netherlands
Kreditanstalt fuer Wiederaufbau	Banks & credit institutions	1.69	Germany
Engie SA	Energy & water supply	1.68	France
BNP Paribas SA	Banks & credit institutions	1.43	France
EnBW Energie Baden- Wuerttemberg AG	Energy & water supply	1.34	Germany
European Investment Bank	Supranational organisations	1.33	Luxembourg
EDP Finance BV	Financial & investment companies	1.31	Netherlands
Credit Agricole SA	Banks & credit institutions	1.29	France
Banco Santander SA	Banks & credit institutions	1.18	Spain
Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA	Banks & credit institutions	1.16	Spain
Duke Energy Carolinas LLC	Energy & water supply	1.15	United States of America
Intesa Sanpaolo SpA	Banks & credit institutions	1.12	Italy

\* Minor differences with "Statement of Investments in Securities" might occur due to rounding in production system



#### • What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

As per the end of the reference period the proportion of sustainability-related investments of the financial product was 73.18%.

#### **Asset allocation**

describes the share of investments in specific assets.

#### What was the asset allocation?

The proportions of investments of the financial product were calculated as per the end of the reference period, which is: 31 May 2023.

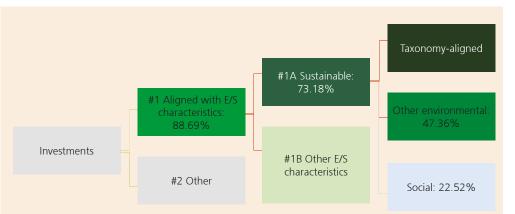
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for **fossil gas** include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For **nuclear energy**, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

#### **Enabling activities**

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

#### Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



**#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

**#2 Other** includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

- The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:
- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the environmental or
  - social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

#### In which economic sectors were the investments made?

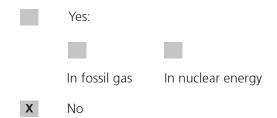
Please refer to the section "Structure of the Securities Portfolio" of the relevant subfund of this Annual report to review the breakdown of the economic sectors where the investments were made.



### To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

It has not been possible to collect data on the environmental objective(s) set out in Article 9 of the Taxonomy Regulation and on how and to what extent the investments underlying the financial product are in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under Article 3 of the Taxonomy Regulation ("Taxonomy Aligned Investments"). On that basis, the financial product has 0% Taxonomy Aligned Investments.

#### Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy<sup>1</sup>?



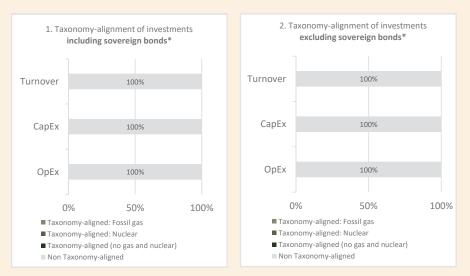
<sup>1</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.

#### operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



\* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

#### What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

There is no commitment to a minimum proportion of investments in transitional and enabling activities.

#### • How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable. This is the first reference period.

#### What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The financial product invests in economic activities which are environmentally sustainable but not EU Taxonomy aligned, this is due to the absence of the required implementing legislation and in particular the absence of the necessary taxonomy-related data provided by the investee companies and of a well-defined calculation methodology. The financial product targets a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy greater than 0%.

What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The financial product targets a minimum share of socially sustainable investments greater than 0%.

are sustainable

investments with an

account the criteria

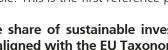
sustainable economic

for environmentally

activities under Regulation (EU)

2020/852.

environmental objective that do not take into





## What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Included in "#2 Other" are cash and unrated instruments for the purpose of liquidity and portfolio risk management. Unrated instruments may also include securities for which data needed for the measurement of attainment of environmental or social characteristics is not available.



### What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, the environmental and/or social characteristics were met by following the investment strategy and applying exclusion criteria as per the sales prospectus. The investment strategies and/or exclusion criteria are monitored to ensure adherence.



## How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

The actively managed subfund uses the benchmark ICE Green, Social and Sustainable Bond Custom Index EUR hedged (Bloomberg Ticker: Q5BL), which is designed to promote ESG characteristics.

#### • How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

The Reference Benchmark Index covers only qualified green, social or sustainable bonds, whereas the broad market index measures investment grade debt publicly issued in major domestic and eurobond markets, which do not need to have a clearly designated use of proceeds.

#### How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

The table below shows how the financial product and the reference benchmark performed as per end of the reference period on the environmental or social characteristic:

Indicator	(Portfolio) Investment contributing to E/S	(Reference ESG Benchmark) Investment contributing to E/S
UBS (Lux) Bond SICAV - Green Social Sustainable Bonds (EUR)	88.69%	97.07%

### • How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

The table below shows how the financial product and the reference benchmark performed as per end of the reference period on the environmental or social characteristic:

Indicator	(Portfolio) Investment contributing to E/S	(Reference ESG Benchmark) Investment contributing to E/S
UBS (Lux) Bond SICAV - Green Social Sustainable Bonds (EUR)	88.69%	97.07%

#### UBS (Lux) Bond SICAV Annual report and audited financial statements as of 31 May 2023

#### Reference

**benchmarks** are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

## How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?

The Reference Benchmark Index covers only qualified green, social or sustainable bonds, whereas the broad market index measures investment grade debt publicly issued in major domestic and eurobond markets, which do not need to have a clearly designated use of proceeds.