ANNEX IV

Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Multi Manager Access II - Sustainable Investing Yield

Legal entity identifier: 549300F6USB7SC1PVP34

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes No It made sustainable ★ It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) investments with an characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a environmental objective: % sustainable investment, it had a proportion of in economic activities that 67.74% of sustainable investments qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic sustainable under the EU activities that qualify as environmentally Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It made sustainable investments It promoted E/S characteristics, but **did not** make any sustainable investments with a social objective: ___%

economic activity
that contributes to
an environmental or
social objective,
provided that the
investment does not
significantly harm
any environmental or
social objective and
that the investee
companies follow
good governance
practices.

Sustainable

investment means an investment in an

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a

does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The sub-fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics such as climate change, water, pollution and waste management, and gender-related matters, by investing in target funds and/or via Dedicated Portfolios ("Investment Strategies") which promote environmental (E) and/or social (S) characteristics and/or Investment Strategies with sustainable investment or a reduction in carbon emissions as their objective. The extent to which the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product were met is stated in the answer to the question "How did the sustainability indicators perform?" of this annex.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

No ESG reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the characteristics promoted by the financial product.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

During the reference period, the percentage of the sub-fund's net assets (excluding investments in cash, cash equivalents and financial derivative instruments used for hedging and efficient portfolio management purposes) aligned with the promoted characteristic described above was higher than 90% (i.e. the committed minimum threshold):

Percentage of the financial product aligned with the promoted characteristic: 98.18 %

... and compared to previous periods?

Not applicable. This is the first reference period.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The sub-fund has indirect exposure to sustainable investments via its investments in target funds with a minimum proportion of sustainable investments.

The objectives of the sustainable investments that the sub-fund partially intends to make are to contribute to one or more sustainability topics such as, climate change, water, pollution and waste management, reduced inequalities, gender-related matters, and governance. These sustainable investments contribute to the objectives by investing in companies which have an economic activity which contributes to an environmental and/or a social objective, or in fixed income instruments which contribute to an environmental and/or a social objective.

As the sub-fund invests in financial products manufactured by different third parties, there are potential inconsistencies between the definition of how an underlying portfolio of a target fund contributes to environmental and/or social objectives as each target fund may have different criteria, approaches, and constraints, when defining the universe of sustainable investments.

How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The sub-fund has indirect exposure to sustainable investments via its investments in target funds with a minimum proportion of sustainable investments.

As part of the due diligence and selection process, the Portfolio Manager checks if there are processes in place by the target funds to ensure that the sustainable investments do not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

The sub-fund has indirect exposure to sustainable investments via its investments in target funds with a minimum proportion of sustainable investments.

As part of the due diligence and selection process, the Portfolio Manager checks if there are processes undertaken by the target funds to consider the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors.

— Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

The sub-fund has indirect exposure to sustainable investments via its investments in target funds with a minimum proportion of sustainable investments.

As part of the due diligence and selection process, the Portfolio Manager checks if there are processes undertaken by the target funds to align sustainable investments with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The sub-fund invests in target funds with a minimum proportion of sustainable investments, and therefore considers principal adverse impact on sustainability factors. As part of the due diligence and selection process, the Portfolio Manager checks if there are processes undertaken by the target fund to consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors, such as exclusions of controversial weapons or contraventions of UN Global Compact principles.



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the
investments
constituting the
greatest proportion
of investments of
the financial product
during the reference
period which is:
31.07.2023

Largest Investments	Sector	% Net Assets*	Country
Multi Manager Access II - US Multi Credit Sustainable	Investment funds	15.57	Luxembourg
Multi Manager Access-Green Social And Sustainable Bonds	Investment funds	12.60	Luxembourg
Focused SICAV - World Bank Long Term Bond USD	Investment funds	11.52	Luxembourg
Focused SICAV - US Corporate Bond Sustainable USD	Investment funds	6.85	Luxembourg
Focused SICAV - World Bank Bond USD	Investment funds	4.54	Luxembourg
Robecosam Global SDG Engagement Equities	Investment funds	4.51	Luxembourg
Rockefeller Global Equity ESG Improvers UCITS	Investment funds	4.30	Ireland
Federated Hermes - Global Equity ESG Fund	Investment funds	4.17	Ireland
Federated Hermes SDG Engagement High Yield Credit Fund	Investment funds	3.52	Ireland
Columbia Threadneedle Lux III-CT Lux SDG Engagement Global Equity	Investment funds	3.38	Luxembourg
Record UCITS ICAV - Record EM Sustainable Finance Fund	Investment funds	3.13	Ireland
UBS Irl ETF plc - MSCI ACWI Socially Responsible UCITS ETF	Investment funds	3.09	Ireland
Federated Hermes Funds plc - Federated Hermes SDG Engagement Equity Fund	Investment funds	2.70	Ireland
UBS Lux Fund Solutions - Sustainable Development Bank Bonds UCITS ETF	Investment funds	2.56	Luxembourg
UBS Lux Equity SICAV - Long Term Themes USD	Investment funds	2.09	Luxembourg

 $^{{}^*}Minor\ differences\ with\ "Statement\ of\ Investments\ in\ Securities"\ might\ occur\ due\ to\ rounding\ in\ production\ system$



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

The proportions of investments of the financial product were calculated as per the end of the reference period, which is: 31.07.2023.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

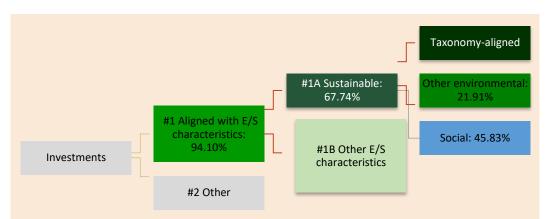
To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities

directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which

low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#20ther includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category **#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics** covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Please refer to the section "Structure of the Securities Portfolio" of the relevant sub-fund of this Annual report to review the breakdown of the economic sectors where the investments were made.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

It has not been possible to collect data on the environmental objective(s) set out in Article 9 of the Taxonomy Regulation and on how and to what extent the investments underlying the financial product are in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under Article 3 of the Taxonomy Regulation ("Taxonomy Aligned Investments"). On that basis, the financial product has 0% Taxonomy Aligned Investments.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?

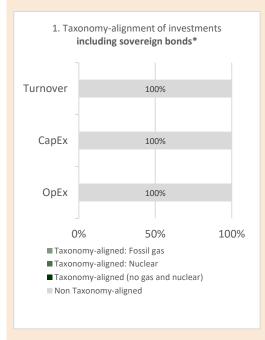
	Yes:		
		In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
×	No		

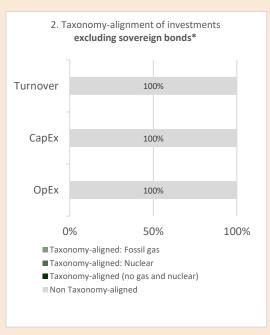
¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



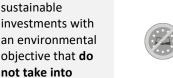


- For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.
 - What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

There is no commitment to a minimum proportion of investments in transitional and enabling activities.

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Not applicable. This is the first reference period.



account the

environmentally

(EU) 2020/852.

economic activities under Regulation

criteria for

sustainable

What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The financial product invests in economic activities which are environmentally sustainable but not EU Taxonomy aligned, this is due to the absence of the required implementing legislation and in particular the absence of the necessary taxonomy-related data provided by the investee companies and of a well-defined calculation methodology. The financial product targets a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy greater than 0%.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

The financial product targets a minimum share of socially sustainable investments greater than 0%.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?



Included in "#2 Other" are cash and unrated instruments for the purpose of liquidity, efficient portfolio management and hedging. Unrated instruments may also include securities for which data needed for the measurement of attainment of environmental or social characteristics is not available.

What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

During the reference period, the environmental and/ or social characteristics were met by following the investment strategy and applying exclusion criteria as per the sales prospectus. The investment strategies and/ or exclusion criteria are monitored to ensure adherence.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

No ESG reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of determining whether the financial product is aligned with the characteristics that it promotes.

- How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?
 Not applicable.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.