ANNEX II

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective. provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance

practices.

Pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Legal entity identifier:

UBS (Irl) ETF plc - Global Gender Equality UCITS ETF

549300SLHI5GIWL2O682

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?							
•• □ Yes				● ○ ⊠ No			
	susta	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with an environmental objective: %		(E/S) not had invest propo	motes Environmental/Social characteristics and while it does are as its objective a sustainable tment, it will have a minimum rition of 20% of sustainable tments		
		in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy			with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		
		in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy			with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		
				\boxtimes	with a social objective		
	It will make a minimum of sustainable investments with a social objective: %			not m	motes E/S characteristics, but will nake any sustainable tments		

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.



Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.

What environmental and/or social characteristics are promoted by this financial product?

This financial product is passively managed and tracks an index ("Index/Reference Benchmark"). The following characteristics are promoted by the financial product:

- tracks/tracking of a benchmark with a sustainability profile (ESG Score) that is higher than the parent benchmark's sustainability profile
- tracks/tracking of a Gender Diversity Board Score that is higher than the parent benchmark.

The Reference Benchmark designated for the purpose of attaining the characteristic promoted by the financial product is the Solactive Equileap Global Gender Equality 100 Leaders Net Total Return Index.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product?

The characteristics are measured using the following indicators respectively:

• The MSCI ESG SCORE

MSCI ESG Scores are provided by MSCI ESG Research and are measured on a scale from 0 (lowest/worst score) to 10 (highest/best score). The MSCI ESG Score is based on the underlying company's exposure to industry-specific ESG risks and their ability to mitigate those risks relative to their peers. MSCI ESG Scores are also shown as a breakdown of the E, S and G scores, in reference to the different components that are considered for the environmental, social and government pillars. The components are also rated on a scale of 0-10. Based on the individual E, S and G values, a weighted average can be calculated. This is dynamic and takes into account the direct changes of all underlying results, which affect the individual E, S and G values. The MSCI ESG Score measures the most financially significant environmental, social and governance risks and opportunities of companies on the basis of the Key ESG themes. In addition, sectoral differences are taken into account through identifying key industry specific ESG issues relevant to each Key ESG Theme. This assessment of risk and opportunity makes the MSCI ESG Score a rather static measure, as the relative valuation of a sector remains constant over a longer period of time. Companies with the highest ratings are those assessed as best managing their exposures to the above mentioned Key ESG Themes and the associated issues. Each company in the product's portfolio will produce a score which will contribute to the overall MSCI ESG Score of the product's portfolio. The product's MSCI ESG Score will be higher than that of the Parent Benchmark.

- Board Diversity Percentage of Women (PCT_WOMEN (the percentage of board directors who are women))
 - What are the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

The financial product intends to make sustainable investment by investing at least 90% of its total net assets in securities that are constituents of the Index. The Solactive Equileap Global Gender Equality 100 Leaders Index is designed to represent the performance of the top companies leading the field in terms of gender equality internationally.

For each security in the universe a score based on 19 gender criteria will be assigned. The 19 criteria are grouped in 4 categories listed below:

- gender balance in leadership & workforce
- equal compensation & work life balance
- · policies promoting gender equality
- commitment to transparency and accountability

If several companies have the same Equileap Score, they are sorted according to their market capitalization.

For the Index, the top 100 companies are selected, ensuring an equal weight exposure to US listed companies and non-US listed companies. The Index is equally weighted, rebalanced annually and reviewed quarterly.

How do the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intends to make, not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

This financial product is passively managed and tracks an Index, indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account by the Index provider as appropriate to the Index family.

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

The Index incorporates the norms-based screening by excluding companies with verified infringement of established international initiatives and guidelines (such as UN Principles and OECD Guidelines).

ISS ESG is designed to provide timely and consistent assessments of companies' adherence to international norms on human rights, labor standards, environmental protection and anti-corruption set out in the UN Global Compact and OECD Guidelines. The financial product exclude investments in companies involved directly or indirectly in Coal Mining and Power Generation, Hydraulic Fracturing, Oil & Sands as well as any involvement in Deep Water Drilling, Nuclear Energy, Adult Entertainment, Alcohol, Tobacco, Gambling, Military Equipment, Anti-personnel Mines, Biological and Chemical Weapons, Cluster Munitions, Depleted Uranium as well as Nuclear Weapons.

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

ISS ESG tool monitors company involvement in notable ESG controversies related to the company's operations and/or products, possible breaches of international norms and principles such as the UN Global Compact, and performance with respect to these norms and principles.

Principal adverse

impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti corruption and anti - bribery matters.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

⊠ Yes

Yes, this financial product is passively managed and tracks an Index, indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account by the Index provider as appropriate to the Index family.

ISS ESG is designed to provide timely and consistent assessments of companies' adherence to international norms on human rights, labor standards, environmental protection and anti-corruption set out in the UN Global Compact and OECD Guidelines. The financial product exclude investments in companies involved directly or indirectly in Coal Mining and Power Generation, Hydraulic Fracturing, Oil & Sands as well as any involvement in Deep Water Drilling, Nuclear Energy, Adult Entertainment, Alcohol, Tobacco, Gambling, Military Equipment, Anti-personnel Mines, Biological and Chemical Weapons, Cluster Munitions, Depleted Uranium as well as Nuclear Weapons.

□ No



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

This financial product seeks to promote the characteristic(s) described in this annex through Index selection and passive asset management

This financial product is passively managed and seeks to track the performance and the ESG profile of the Index. Sustainability characteristics and risks are considered as part of the Index selection process. The Index which is stated by the index provider to be screened against environmental, social or governance criteria and any methodology used by the index provider to assess sustainability characteristics and risks of the constituents of the index can be found on the website of the index provider.

strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.

investment

The

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by this financial product? The following binding element(s) of the investment strategy are used to select the investments to attain the characteristic(s) promoted by this financial product:

Characteristic 1):

A sustainability profile (MSCI ESG Score) that is higher than the parent benchmark's sustainability profile.

Characteristic 2):

Board Diversity – Percentage of Women (PCT_WOMEN) that is higher than the parent benchmark.

The calculations do not take account of cash, derivatives and unrated investment instruments.

The characteristic(s), the minimum proportion of sustainable investments and the minimum proportion of investments used to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are calculated at quarter end using the average of all of business days' values in the quarter.

What is the committed minimum rate to reduce the scope of the investments considered prior to the application of that investment strategy?

This financial product invests at least 90% of its total net assets in securities that are constituents of the Index and the Index provider applies ESG Ratings on all of the Index constituents. The Index is eliminating at least 20% of the least well-rated securities as against the standard index universe. It is, therefore, expected that this financial product's resulting ESG rating will be higher than the ESG rating of a financial product tracking a standard index.

• What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

Assessment of good governance practices of the investee companies is performed by the index provider.

MSCI analysis begins with an evaluation of each company's Corporate Governance, taking into consideration the company's ownership and control structures, the composition and effectiveness of its board, the effectiveness of its incentive practices and the integrity of its accounting. Corporate Behavior is also monitored, including any controversies that might have a significant negative impact on the company's value.

Good

governance practices

include sound management

structures, employee

relations, remuneration of

staff and tax

compliance.

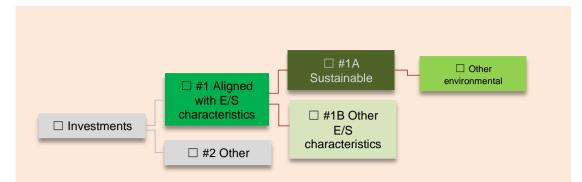
What is the asset allocation planned for this financial product?

The minimum proportion of the investments used to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the financial product is 90%. The minimum proportion of sustainable investments of the financial product is 20%.

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

Taxonomyaligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- -The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers sustainable investments with environmental or social objectives.
- -The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

How does the use of derivatives attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product?

The financial product tracks an ESG index and may replicate the performance of the index by the use of derivatives. Derivatives will only be used in case that a) the investment objective cannot be achieved by investments index components, in particular in order to reflect the performance of a currency hedge where a sub-fund replicates a currency-hedged index, or b) to generate efficiencies in gaining exposure to the constituents of the index, in particular where there are legal or practical obstacles to gaining direct access to a market to which the index refers.

The financial product may namely enter into a range of index related swaps (excluding funded swaps) and derivative instruments (futures, forwards, currency swaps, p-notes, options, warrants and foreign exchange contracts) in order to replicate the index.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The minimum extent that investments underlying this financial product are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy is 0%.

 Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy¹?

	□ Yes:	
	□ In fossil gas	☐ In nuclear energy
⊠ No		

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to renewable power or lowcarbon fuels by the end of 2035 For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

rules.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and

The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left-hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

are environmentally sustainable investments that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under the EU Taxonomy.

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?

Not applicable



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

The financial product targets a minimum proportion of sustainable investment as stated in the asset allocation of this annex.



What is the minimum share of socially sustainable investments?

The financial product targets a minimum proportion of sustainable investment, these investments have both environmental and social characteristics however there are no specific minimum proportions for each of these categories. However, the fund will have a social characteristic focus.



What investments are included under "#2 Other", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Included in "#2 Other" are cash and unrated instruments for the purpose of liquidity and portfolio risk management relative to the benchmark weighting. This category may also include securities for which relevant data is not available.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the sustainable investment objective.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to determine whether this financial product is aligned with the environmental and/or social characteristics that it promotes?

The Reference Benchmark designated for the purpose of attaining the sustainable objective of the financial product is the Solactive Equileap Global Gender Equality 100 Leaders Net Total Return Index.

How is the reference benchmark continuously aligned with each of the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product? The financial product has initially selected the reference benchmark for its relevance to its investment strategy and the attainment of the characteristics it seeks to promote. The Index rebalances on an annual basis. More details on the index methodology applied by the index provider can be found below.

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

The alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index is ensured on a continuous basis as the index provider rebalances the index on a regular basis and the Investment Manager will track the Index in line with the limits set out in the investment policy of Fund.

The financial product has initially selected the reference benchmark for its relevance to its investment strategy and the attainment of the characteristics it seeks to promote.

The investment strategy of the fund is to track the benchmark's return and its characteristics, including ESG characteristics, as closely as reasonably possible.

The investment strategy is to fully replicate the index and to minimize the tracking error. The investment manager reviews the index methodology when the product is set up and the Index provider may be contacted if the Index methodology is no longer in line with the investment strategy of the financial product.

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

The Solactive Equileap Global Gender Equality 100 Leaders Index is an equity index denominated in USD, maintained and published by international index supplier Solactive. Equileap, a leading expert in gender equality research, provides the gender-related data on companies on which Solactive then applies liquidity screenings to get to the final index composition while meeting the country, sector and issuer constraints. The Index tracks the movements of global companies which have the best Equileap gender diversity score. The Equileap gender diversity score is a ranking of companies based on their aggregated score in a number of gender equality criteria such as leadership, compensation, work-life balance, health and safety, paid family leave, marketing and transparency.

The stocks comprising the Index are screened by liquidity and gender diversity score.

100% of the securities have a leading Equileap gender diversity score.

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

The methodology of the construction of the Index can be found in the fund supplement.

https://www.solactive.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/09/Solactive-Equileap-Global-Gender-Equality-100-Leaders-4.pdf

https://www.solactive.com/wp-content/uploads/solactive



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website:

www.ubs.com/etf