

German Tax Information Sheet

The following tax information for the investment fund SF Property Securities Fund CH - I (CH0045826101 / A1JYEQ) refer to the period 01.01.2019 to 31.12.2019.

Remark: Please note that all information shown on the tax information sheet is provisional and may be subject to change. The provision is omitted as soon as the accuracy of the information shown is final.

Core data ¹

Umbrella name	SF Property Securities Fund CH
Sub-fund name	SF Property Securities Fund CH
Share class name	I
ISIN	CH0045826101
WKN	A1JYEQ
Share class currency	CHF
Fiscal year-end	31.12.
UCITS	No
AIF	Yes

Tax core data²

Fund tax classification	Investment fund
Partial tax exemption status	Other fund

(Deemed) Distributed Income ³

The following information applies to Private investor.

Remark: Please note that the investment fund may make further distributions in the current calendar year.

							Private investor
Taxable event	Pay-date	Ex-date	Resolution-date	Currency	Amount	Partial tax exemption status	Income tax
Pre-paid lump sum amount	02.01.2019	02.01.2019	02.01.2019	EUR	0.0000	Other fund	0.0000
Distribution	22.03.2019	20.03.2019	19.03.2019	EUR	1.8345	Other fund	1.8345
Totals				EUR	1.8345		1.8345



Partial Tax Exemption ⁶

Status	From	То	Legal basis		
No data available for this year.					

- 1) The information was taken from the provided fund prospectus and other documents without any further review.
 2) The information was determined based on the provided fund prospectus and other documents.
 3) Any information on distributions, on liquidation or merger events was taken from the provided data without any further validation. The pre-paid lump sum amount was determined on the basis of the provided redemption prices assuming the investor was invested in the fund for the whole calendar year in question.
 6) The partial tax exemption status in accordance with section 2 (6), (7) and (9) GITA and the application of the partial tax exemption according to section 20 GITA of the respective period results either from the fund prospectus and additional documents or the actual daily equity ratio following the retroactive certification approach according to section 20 (4) GITA.

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Compilation Report

To **Swiss Finance & Property Group** (in the following referred to as "Company").

The Company engaged us to compile certain tax information for SF Property Securities Fund CH - SF Property Securities Fund CH - I (CH0045826101 / A1JYEQ) (in the following referred to as "investment fund") as set out in the accompanying tax information sheet.

This tax information sheet compiled by us comprises the following information

- 1. Tax core data
- 2. (Deemed) Distributed Income
- 3. Partial Tax Exemption

which is prepared in accordance with German tax law for the period to which the tax information sheet relates.

We conducted our engagement as an tax engagement and not an assurance engagement but took into consideration the International Standard on Related Services 4410 (Revised), Compilation Engagements.

The purpose of our engagement is to compile tax information addressed in the German Investment Tax Act and other tax laws which the client wishes to disclose to its investors.

We have applied our expertise to assist the management in the preparation of the tax information sheet. We have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care towards the client.

As stated in the notes, the compiled information in the tax information sheet is based on the information provided by the Company, processed within a reasonable handling time and based on the tax statutes, case law, professional literature and other published materials as they stand to be considered by a conscientious professional as of the date of the compilation.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided to us by the client in order to compile tax information. The accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the tax information sheet are the responsibility of the Company's management. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any other review conclusion.

This compilation report is prepared for the Company in accordance with our agreement. The tax information sheet and compilation report does not include specific tax advice or create any other protective effect for investors, it is disclosed to authorized investors on the request of the Company and may be used by them subject to the terms of use agreed with us.

The contractual basis for this engagement is, inter alia, the General Engagement Terms for Wirtschaftsprüfer and Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaften as of January 1, 2017 ("General Engagement Terms"), which are enclosed herein.

Frankfurt am Main, 28.04.2020

PwC FS Tax GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft Steuerberatungsgesellschaft



General Engagement Terms for

Wirtschaftsprüfer und Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaften

[German Public Auditors and Public Audit Firms] as of January 1, 2017

1. Scope of application

(1) These engagement terms apply to contracts between German Public Auditors (Wirtschaftsprüfer) or German Public Audit Firms (Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschafter) – hereinafter collectively referred to as "German Public Auditors" – and their engaging parties for assurance services, tax advisory services, advice on business matters and other engagements except as otherwise agreed in writing or prescribed by a mandatory rule.

(2) Third parties may derive claims from contracts between German Public Auditors and engaging parties only when this is expressly agreed or results from mandatory rules prescribed by law. In relation to such claims, these engagement terms also apply to these third parties.

2. Scope and execution of the engagement

(1) Object of the engagement is the agreed service – not a particular economic result. The engagement will be performed in accordance with the German Principles of Proper Professional Conduct (Grundsätze ordnungsmäßiger Berufsausübung). The German Public Auditor does not assume any management functions in connection with his services. The German Public Auditor is not responsible for the use or implementation of the results of his services. The German Public Auditor is entitled to make use of competent persons to conduct the engagement.

(2) Except for assurance engagements (betriebswirtschaftliche Prüfungen), the consideration of foreign law requires an express written agreement.

(3) If circumstances or the legal situation change subsequent to the release of the final professional statement, the German Public Auditor is not obligated to refer the engaging party to changes or any consequences resulting therefrom.

3. The obligations of the engaging party to cooperate

(1) The engaging party shall ensure that all documents and further information necessary for the performance of the engagement are provided to the German Public Auditor on a timely basis, and that he is informed of all events and circumstances that may be of significance to the performance of the engagement. This also applies to those documents and further information, events and circumstances that first become known during the German Public Auditor's work. The engaging party will also designate suitable persons to provide information

(2) Upon the request of the German Public Auditor, the engaging party shall confirm the completeness of the documents and further information provided as well as the explanations and statements, in a written statement drafted by the German Public Auditor.

4. Ensuring independence

(1) The engaging party shall refrain from anything that endangers their dependence of the German Public Auditor's staff. This applies throughout the term of the engagement, and in particular to offers of employment or to assume an executive or nonexecutive role, and to offers to accept engagements on their own hebalf

(2) Were the performance of the engagement to impair the independence of the German Public Auditor, of related firms,

firms within his network, or such firms associated with him, to which the independence requirements apply in the same way as to the German Public Auditor in other engagement relationships, the German Public Auditor is entitled to terminate the engagement for good cause.

5. Reporting and oral information

(1) To the extent that the German Public Auditor is required to present results in writing as part of the work in executing the engagement, only that written work is authoritative. Drafts are non-binding. Except as otherwise agreed, oral statements and explanations by the German Public Auditor are binding only when they are confirmed in writing. Statements and information of the German Public Auditor outside of the engagement are always nonbinding.

6. Distribution of a German Public Auditor's professional statement

(1) The distribution to a third party of professional statements of the German Public Auditor (results of work or extracts of the results of work whether in draft or in a final version) or information about the German Public Auditor acting for the engaging party requires the German Public Auditor's written consent, unless the engaging party is obligated to distribute or inform due to law or a regulatory requirement.

(2) The use by the engaging party for promotional purposes of the German Public Auditor's professional statements and of information about the German Public Auditor acting for the engaging party is prohibited.

7. Deficiency rectification

(1) In case there are any deficiencies, the engaging party is entitled to specific subsequent performance by the German Public Auditor. The engaging party may reduce the fees or cancel the contract for failure of such subsequent performance, for subsequent nonperformance or unjustified refusal to perform subsequently, or for unconscionability or impossibility of subsequent performance. If the engagement was not commissioned by a consumer, the engaging party may only cancel the contract due to a deficiency if the service rendered is not relevant to him due to failure of subsequent performance, to subsequent nonperformance, to unconscionability or impossibility of subsequent performance. No. 9 applies to the extent that further claims for damages exist.

(2) The engaging party must assert a claim for the rectification of deficiencies in writing (Textform) [Tanslators Note: The German term "Textform" means in written form, but without requiring a signature] without delay. Claims pursuant to paragraph 1 not arising from an intentional act expire after one year subsequent to the commencement of the time limit under the statute of limitations.

(3) Apparent deficiencies, such as clerical errors, arithmetical errors and deficiencies associated with technicalities contained in a German Public Auditor's professional statement (long-form reports, expert opinions etc.) may be corrected – also versus third parties – by the German Public Auditor at any time. Misstatements which may call into question the results contained in a German Public Auditor's professional statement entitle the German Public Auditor to withdraw such statement – also versus third parties. In such cases the German Public Auditor should first hear the engaging party, if practicable.

8. Confidentiality towards third parties, and data protection

(1) Pursuant to the law (§ [Article] 323 Abs 1 [paragraph 1] HGB [GermanCommercial Code: Handelsgesetzbuch], § 43 WPO [German Law regulating the Profession of Wirtschaftsprüfer: Wirtschaftsprüferordnung], § 203StGB [German Criminal Code: Strafgesetzbuch]) the German Public Auditor is obligated to maintain confidentiality regarding facts and circumstances confided to him or of which he becomes aware in the course of his professional work, unless the engaging party releases him from this confidentiality obligation.

(2) When processing personal data, the German Public Auditor will observe national and European legal provisions on data protection.

9. Liability

(1) For legally required services by German Public Auditors, in particular audits, the respective legal limitations of liability, in particular the limitation of liability pursuant to § 323 Abs. 2 HGB, apply.

(2) Insofar neither a statutory limitation of liability is applicable, nor an individual contractual limitation of liability exists, the liability of the German Public Auditor for claims for damages of any other kind, except for damages resulting from injury to life, body or health as well as for damages that constitute a duty of replacement by a producer pursuant to § 1 ProdHaffG [German Product Liability Act: Produkthaffungsgestz], for an individual case of damages caused by negligence is limited to € 4 million pursuant to § 54 a Abs. 1 Nr. 2 WPO.

(3) The German Public Auditor is entitled to invoke demurs and defenses based on the contractual relationship with the engaging party also towards third parties.

(4) When multiple claimants assert a claim for damages arising from an existing contractual relationship with the German Public Auditor due to the German Public Auditor's negligent breach of duty, the maximum amount stipulated in paragraph 2 applies to the respective claims of all claimants collectively.

(5) An individual case of damages within the meaning of paragraph 2 also exists in relation to a uniform damage arising from a number of breaches of duty. The individual case of damages encompasses all consequences from a breach of duty regardless of whether the damages occurred in one year or in a number of successive years. In this case, multiple acts or omissions based on the same source of error or on a source of error of an equivalent nature are deemed to be a single breach of duty if the matters in question are legally or economically connected to one another. In this event the claim against the German Public Auditor is limited to € 5 million. The limitation to the fivefold of the minimum amount insured does not apply to compulsory audits required by law.

(6) A claim for damages expires if a suit is not filed within six months subsequent to the written refusal of acceptance of the indemnity and the engaging party has been informed of this consequence. This does not apply to claims for damages resulting from scienter, a culpable injury to life, body or health as well as for damages that constitute a liability for replacement by a producer pursuant to § 1 ProdHaftG. The right to invoke a plea of the statute of limitations remains unaffected.



Fund Reporting Portal

10. Supplementary provisions for audit engagements

(1) If the engaging party subsequently amends the financial statements or management report audited by a German Public Auditor and accompanied by an auditor's report, he may no longer use this auditor's report. If the German Public Auditor has not issued an auditor's report, a reference to the audit conducted by the German Public Auditor in the management report or any other public reference is permitted only with the German Public Auditor's written consent and with a wording authorized by him.

(2) If the German Public Auditor revokes the auditor's report, it may no longer be used. If the engaging party has already made use of the auditor's report, then upon the request of the German Public Auditor he must give notification of the revocation.

(3) The engaging party has a right to five official copies of the report. Additional official copies will be charged separately.

11. Supplementary provisions for assistance in tax matters

(1) When advising on an individual tax issue as well as when providing ongoing tax advice, the German Public Auditor is entitled to use as a correct and complete basis the facts provided by the engaging party –especially numerical disclosures; this also applies to bookkeeping engagements. Nevertheless, he is obligated to indicate to the engaging party any errors he has identified.

(2) The tax advisory engagement does not encompass procedures required to observe deadlines, unless the German Public Auditor has explicitly accepted a corresponding engagement. In this case the engaging party must provide the German Public Auditor with all documents required to observe deadlines – in particular tax assessments – on such a timely basis that the German Public Auditor has an appropriate lead time.

(3) Except as agreed otherwise in writing, ongoing tax advice encompasses the following work during the contract period:
a) preparation of annual tax returns for income tax, corporate tax

and business tax, as well as wealth tax returns, namely on the basis of the annual financial statements, and on other schedules and evidence documents required for the taxation, to be provided by the engaging party

b) examination of tax assessments in relation to the taxes referred to in (a)

c) negotiations with tax authorities in connection with the returns and assessments mentioned in (a) and (b)

d) support in tax audits and evaluation of the results of tax audits with respect to the taxes referred to in (a) e) participation in petition or protest and appeal procedures with

respect to the taxes mentioned in (a)
In the aforementioned tasks the German Public Auditor takes

into account material published legal decisions and administrative interpretations.

(4) If the German Public auditor receives a fixed fee for ongoing tax advice, the work mentioned under paragraph 3 (d) and (e) is to be remunerated separately, except as agreed otherwise in writing.

(5) Insofar the German Public Auditor is also a German Tax Advisor and the German Tax Advice Remuneration Regulation (Steuerberatungsvergütungsverordnung) is to be applied to calculate the remuneration, a greater or lesser remuneration than the legal default remuneration can be agreed in writing (Textform).

(6) Work relating to special individual issues for income tax, corporate tax, business tax, valuation assessments for property units, wealth tax, as well as all issues in relation to sales tax, payroll tax, other taxes and dues requires a separate engagement. This also applies to:

a) work on non-recurring tax matters, e.g. in the field of estate tax, capital transactions tax, and real estate sales tax; b) support and representation in proceedings before tax and administrative courts and in criminal tax matters; c) advisory work and work related to expert opinions in connection with changes in legal form and other reorganizations, capital increases and reductions, insolvency related business reorganizations, admission and retirement of owners, sale of a

d) support in complying with disclosure and documentation obligations.

business, liquidations and the like, and

(7) To the extent that the preparation of the annual sales tax return is undertaken as additional work, this includes neither the review of any special accounting prerequisites nor the issue as to whether all potential sales tax allowances have been identified. No guarantee is given for the complete compilation of documents to claim the input tax credit.

12. Electronic communication

(1) Communication between the German Public Auditor and the engaging party may be via e-mail. In the event that the engaging party does not wish to communicate via e-mail or sets special security requirements, such as the encryption of e-mails, the engaging party will inform the German Public Auditor in writing (Textform) accordingly.

13. Remuneration

(1) In addition to his claims for fees, the German Public Auditor is entitled to claim reimbursement of his expenses; sales tax will be billed additionally. He may claim appropriate advances on remuneration and reimbursement of expenses and may make the delivery of his services dependent upon the complete satisfaction of his claims. Multiple engaging parties are jointly and severally liable.

(2) If the engaging party is not a consumer, then a set-off against the German Public Auditor's claims for remuneration and reimbursement of expenses is admissible only for undisputed claims or claims determined to be legally binding.

14. Dispute Settlement

(1) The German Public Auditor is not prepared to participate in dispute settlement procedures before a consumer arbitration board (Verbraucherschlichtungsstelle) within the meaning of § 2 of the German Act on Consumer Dispute Settlements (Verbraucherstreitbeilegungsgesetz).

15. Applicable law

(1) The contract, the performance of the services and all claims resulting therefrom are exclusively governed by German law.

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