This is a marketing communication.

Please refer to the prospectus/information document of the fund and to the KIID/KID (as applicable) before making any final investment decisions. For information purposes only, this presentation should not be used as a basis for

investment decision.

Asset Management

August 31, 2024

CS (Lux) Fixed Maturity Bond Fund 2024 S-V IB25 **USD**



Fund information

Fixed income

Turid total fiet assets in OSD					
Share class TNA, USD 31'363'904	Share class NAV, USD 938.72	Management fee p.a. ¹ 0.25%			
MTD (net) return 0.43%	QTD (net) return 0.90%	YTD (net) return 3.92%			

Fund details

Investment Manager	Jeffrey Lau, Peijiao Yu
Fund launch date	13.01.2020
Share class launch date	13.01.2020
Share class	IB25
Share class currency	USD
Distribution policy	Accumulating
Fund domicile	Luxembourg
ISIN	LU2062506402
Benchmark	No benchmark

Investment Policy

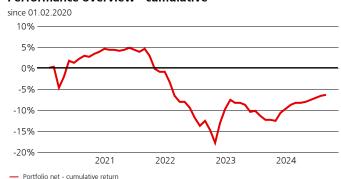
The main objective of the fund is to offer yield pickup by investing in USD-denominated corporate and guasi-sovereign bonds from Asia, emerging markets (non-Asian countries), and developed markets with a final maturity on September 30, 2024.

Investing involves risk including the risk of loss of capital. Past performance does not predict future returns. Neither simulated nor historical performance is a reliable indicator for current or future performance.

Performance overview - monthly & cumulative



Performance overview - cumulative



Performance overview - monthly & YTD

since 01.01.2024, in %

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	YTD
Portfolio net	1.05	0.53	O 19	U 31	0.50	O 37	0.47	0.43					3 92

Performance overview

since 01.02.2020, in %

/0	Rolling I	Returns			Annualized	Returns
1 m	onths 3	nonths	1 year	3 years	5 years	ITD
	0.43	1 27	6.03	-3 61	n/a	-1 /12

Risk overview - ex post

since 01.02.2020, in %

			Aimanizea	13K, 111 /0
	1 year	3 years	5 years	ITD
Portfolio volatility	1.97	6.68	n/a	6.44

Performance overview - yearly

since 01.02.2020, in %

	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Portfolio net	4.60	-5.27	-8.96	-0.09	3.92

¹ If the currency of a financial product and/or its costs is different from your reference currency, the return and cost may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. The individuals mentioned above only conduct regulated activities in the jurisdiction(s) where they are properly licensed, where relevant. ESG stands for environmental (E), social (S), and governance (G).

Key risk figures

	Portfolio
Modified duration	0.05
Yield to worst	5.10%
Average maturity in years	0.05

	Portfolio
Linear weighted average credit rating	A+
Number of securities	63

Potential Risks

The Fund's risk and reward profile does not reflect the risk inherent in future circumstances that differ from what the Fund has experienced in the recent past. This includes the following events which are rare but can have a large impact.

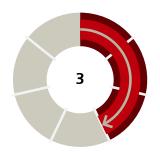
- Credit risk: Issuers of assets held by the Fund may not pay income or repay capital when due. Part of the Fund's
 investments may have considerable credit risk.
- Liquidity risk: Assets cannot necessarily be sold at limited cost in an adequately short timeframe. The Fund's
 investments may be prone to limited liquidity. The Fund will endeavor to mitigate this risk by various measures.
- Counterparty risk: Bankruptcy or insolvency of the Fund's derivative counterparties may lead to payment or delivery default
- Operational risk: Deficient processes, technical failures or catastrophic events may cause losses.
- Political and Legal risks: Investments are exposed to changes of rules and standards applied by a specific country. This
 includes restrictions on currency convertibility, the imposing of taxes or controls on transactions, the limitations of
 property rights or other legal risks. Investments in less developed financial markets may expose the Fund to increased
 operational, legal and political risk.
- Sustainability risks: Sustainability risks are environmental, social or governance events or conditions that can have a material negative effect on the return, depending on the relevant sector, industry and company exposure.

The product's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses, as well as more complete information about the product, are provided in the prospectus (or relevant offering document), which should be read carefully before investing.

Investors may lose part or all of their invested amount. The Fund's use of leverage may lead to an amplified reaction to market movements, i.e. increase the volatility of the Fund and may amount to a more substantial loss than in unleveraged products. The investment promoted in this marketing material concerns the acquisition of units or shares in a fund and not of any underlying assets. The underlying assets are owned by the fund only. The full offering documentation including complete information on risks may be obtained free of charge from a UBS client advisor, representative, or, where applicable, via Fundsearch (credit-suisse.com/fundsearch).

Risk profile²

PRIIP SRI



Larger values (up to 7) indicate higher risk while lower values (up to 1) indicate lower risk.

Asset breakdown by risk currency

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio 🔣
USD	100.00	
EUR	0.00	
SGD	0.00	
AUD	0.00	
GBP	0.00	

Asset breakdown by WAL bucket

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio 📰
< 1yr	100.00	

Asset breakdown by rating bucket

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio 🔣
AAA	23.52	
AA	18.02	
A	40.75	
BBB	21.14	
D	-0.01	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-3.42	

Asset breakdown by JPM sector

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio 🔳
Financials	44.96	
Quasi-Sovereign	19.94	
Sovereign	16.07	
Consumer	7.82	
Industrial	5.85	
Utilities	2.47	
Pulp & Paper	2.14	1
Real Estate	2.12	1
Transport	0.85	
Others	-2.21	

² The actual risk can vary significantly if you redeem at an early stage and you may get back less. The Summary Risk Indicator is a guide to the level of risk of this Product compared to other products. It shows how likely it is that the Product will lose money because of movements in the markets. Be aware of currency risk if your reference currency differs from the currency of the Product. You may receive payments in a different currency, so the final return you will get depends on the exchange rate between the two currencies. Investors shall note that the Product may be exposed to further risks such as operational, counterparty, political, sustainability and legal risks that are not included in the Summary Risk Indicator. This Product does not include any protection from future market performance so you could lose some or all of your investment.

Asset breakdown by risk country

In % of total economic exposure

	in %	Portfolio 📰
Japan	18.33	
Supranational Global	14.61	
United States	9.71	
Canada	9.56	
China	8.98	
Korea (South), Republic of	7.98	
Philippines	5.42	
Hong Kong	4.27	
United Arab Emirates	3.95	
Switzerland	3.57	
India	2.83	
Others	10.78	

Top 10 positions

In % of total economic exposure

,				
Instrument Name ³	ISIN	Coupon p.a.	Maturity date	Weight
INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK	US4581X0DZ81	0.50%	23.09.2024	4.64%
ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK	US045167FS72	4.13%	27.09.2024	3.19%
EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF KOREA	US302154DP10	4.00%	15.09.2024	3.03%
MIZUHO BANK LTD	USJ46186AX06	3.60%	25.09.2024	2.93%
POWER FINANCE CORPORATION LTD	XS2049301042	3.25%	16.09.2024	2.83%
KFW	US500769JP02	0.50%	20.09.2024	2.79%
NORDIC INVESTMENT BANK	US65562QBS30	0.38%	20.09.2024	2.79%
TOYOTA TSUSHO CORPORATION	XS2051061625	2.60%	19.09.2024	2.77%
OESTERREICHISCHE KONTROLLBANK AG	US676167CD90	0.50%	16.09.2024	2.74%
INDUSTRIAL BANK OF KOREA	US45604HAK32	0.63%	17.09.2024	2.65%

Fund Statistics - ex post

	3 years
	Portfolio
Maximum drawdown, in %	-21.36

Past performance does not predict future returns. Neither simulated nor historical performance is a reliable indicator for current or future performance.

Performance review

In August, the fund registered a positive return, mainly attributed to coupon carry. In terms of total returns, Japan and supranationals were the major contributors by country. By sector, financials and quasi-sovereigns were the major contributors in terms of total return.

Market Review

In August, Asian credit delivered a positive return of 1.63%, mainly driven by lower US Treasury yields. Investment grade gained 1.82% during the month, outperforming high yield, which rose 0.48%. In terms of country/region,, Philippines and Malaysia outperformed, while China and Pakistan underperformed.

Key identifiers

Instrument Name	Credit Suisse (Lux) Fixed Maturity Bond Fund 2024 S-V IB25 USD
Bloomberg ticker	CRMBSIU LX
ISIN	LU2062506402
Valor no.	50414440
Benchmark	No benchmark

Key facts

Fund management company	Credit Suisse Fund Management S.A.
UCITS	Yes
Accounting year end	30. September
Securities lending	Yes
Ongoing charges ⁴	0.49%
Redemption frequency	daily
Cut-off time	15:00 CET
Swinging single pricing (SSP*)	partial swing NAV

ESG Approach

This fund promotes environmental, social and governance (ESG) characteristics (within the meaning of Art. 8 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector). It applies the CSAM Sustainable Investing Policy (www.credit-suisse.com/esg), including norms-based, values-based and business conduct exclusions, to combine ESG factors with traditional financial analysis to calculate a CSAM ESG signal, which serves as the basis for a bottom-up security selection process. For further information about the ESG investment criteria and the sustainability-related aspects of the fund please consider the legal and regulatory documents of the fund (such as, e.g., the prospectus) and visit www.credit-suisse.com/esg. In addition to sustainability-related aspects, the decision to invest in the fund should take into account all objectives and characteristics of the fund as described in its prospectus, or in the information which is to be disclosed to investors in accordance with applicable regulations.

Certain data points are provided for mere transparency purposes and are not linked to a specific ESG investment process. For details about the fund's ESG decision-making process, please refer to the fund's prospectus.

³ This is an indicative allocation which may change over time. This product is not a direct investment the collaterals displayed above. As a result, it does not reflect the actual performance of the product either positively or negatively. The individual entities and/or instruments mentioned on this page are meant for illustration purposes only and are not intended as a solicitation or an offer to buy or sell any interest or any investment.

⁴ If the currency of a financial product and/or its costs is different from your reference currency, the return and cost may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations.

ESG Characteristics

Sustainable Investment Objective	Active Ownership ⁵	ESG Integration	Exclusion Criteria	ESG Benchmark
	✓	✓	Z	

ESG Overview

According to MSCI methodology.

	Portfolio
ESG Rating	A
ESG Quality score	6.34
Environmental score	5.07
Social score	5.42
Governance score	6.08
Coverage for Rating/Scoring	94.37%
Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Tons of CO2e/\$M sales)	46.37
Coverage for Carbon Intensity	86.09%

Note: The total carbon intensity figure shown in this section may be higher than the total in the breakdown graph. This is because the figure is normalized, and actual weights are inflated because of limited data coverage. For further information on the MSCI methodology for the above listed ESG data points, please refer to the glossary.

Top 10 issuers

In terms of the fund's total economic exposure. Certain data points disclosed in this table are provided for mere transparency purposes and are not linked to a specific ESG investment process. For details about the fund's ESG decision-making process, please refer to the fund's prospectus. Sources: MSCI and proprietary fixed income ESG signal

Issuer short name ⁶	Weight in portfolio	JPM CEMBI sector	MSCI ESG Rating	Fixed income ESG Signal	troversy flag	Carbon intensity (tCO2e / \$M sales)
UNITED STATES TREASURY	6.48%	Sovereign	А	Neutral	n.a.	-
INTER-AMERICAN DEV BANK	4.64%	Sovereign	AAA	Positive	Green	3.02
ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK	3.19%	Quasi-Sovereign	Α	Neutral	Yellow	0.89
EXPORT-IMPORT BANK OF KOREA	3.03%	Quasi-Sovereign	В	Negative	Green	1.42
MIZUHO BANK LTD	2.93%	Financials	AA	Positive	Yellow	6.10
POWER FINANCE CORPORATION LTD	2.83%	Financials	BB	Neutral	Green	4.20
KFW	2.79%	Quasi-Sovereign	AAA	Positive	Yellow	5.50
NORDIC INVESTMENT BANK	2.79%	Quasi-Sovereign	AAA	Positive	Green	0.83
TOYOTA TSHUSHO CORP	2.77%	Consumer	BB	Neutral	Orange	10.28
TORONTO-DOMINION BANK/THE	2.77%	Financials	AA	Positive	Yellow	2.76

Note: All ESG data points in the table refer to an underlying issuer as applicable (e.g., an equity issuer in case of a convertible bond). For further information on the methodology for the above listed ESG data points, please refer to the glossary.

Asset breakdown by proprietary fixed income ESG Signal

According to proprietary methodology in % of fund total economic exposure from fixed income investments.

	in %	Portfolio Portfolio
Positive	33.43	
Neutral	59.53	
Negative	5.01	
Not rated	3.92	

Note: Exposure to fixed income investments represents 101.89% of portfolio weight for this share class. According to the fund contract, the asset manager's ESG integration approach applies proprietary ESG signals. For further information on the fixed income ESG Signal, please refer to the glossary.

Asset breakdown by ESG rating

In % of total economic exposure. Source: MSCI ESG rating

	in %	Portfolio 🔣
AAA	12.76	
AA	20.68	
A	32.57	
BBB	15.42	
BB	7.93	
В	5.01	
CCC	-	
Not ratable	-3.42	
No data coverage	9.05	

Note: For further information on MSCI's ESG rating methodology and the difference between categories "not ratable" and "no data coverage", please refer to the glossary.

Asset breakdown by ESG controversy flag

In % of fund total economic exposure to investee companies. Source: MSCI

	in %	Portfolio
Green	28.39	
Yellow	27.86	
Orange	12.28	
Red	-	
No data coverage	11.26	

Note: Exposure to investee companies represents 79.79% of portfolio weight for this share class. MSCI only provides data on ESG controversies for corporate issuers. Any remaining instruments (e.g., government bonds) are excluded from this breakdown. For further information on MSCI's ESG controversy flag methodology, please refer to the glossary.

Carbon emission intensity contribution by JPM CEMBI sector

Tons of CO2 equivalent emission intensity (GHG scopes 1 & 2) per \$m sales, by JPM CEMBI sector split. Source: MSCI

	Portfolio	Portfolio
Utilities	19.00	
Industrial	6.58	
Others	6.19	
Pulp & Paper	5.33	
Metals & Mining	2.83	
Total	39.92	

Note: Security weighted data coverage is 86.09% for the portfolio. The total shown in this section may be lower than the one in the 'ESG Overview' section. This is because the figures in this breakdown are not normalized and use the actual weights. For further information on the Carbon emission intensity, please refer to the glossary.

⁵ Active Ownership is part of the fund's strategy to act in the best interests of its investors and to preserve and optimize the long-term value of their investments. To promote best practices and to ensure that the investee companies are sustainable and successful in the long term, Active Ownership is designed to influence the investee companies on two levels: first, through proxy voting, and second, through engagement. In the case of investments in other funds (Target Funds), the fund has no or only limited ability to exercise Active Ownership on the Target Fund resp. on the Target Funds' investee companies.

Ownership on the Target Fund, resp. on the Target Funds' investee companies.

6 This is an indicative allocation which may change over time. This product is not a direct investment the collaterals displayed above. As a result, it does not reflect the actual performance of the product either positively or negatively. The individual entities and/or instruments mentioned on this page are meant for illustration purposes only and are not intended as a solicitation or an offer to buy or sell any interest or any investment.

Glossary

Glossaly	
Accumulating	Indicates a regular reinvestment of the dividends received in the portfolio itself
Annualized risk	Annualized risk is a statistic, which is used to measure the risk of a fund by describing the range of returns, which were achieved in the observation period are most likely to be achieved. Greater volatility implies greater risk.
Annualized return	A measure of how much an investment has increased on average each year during a specific period.
Bottom-up	An investment approach that focuses on the analysis of individual stocks and de-emphasizes the macroeconomic environment.
Carbon emission intensity	The weighted average emissions intensity, which is provided by MSCI ESG, divides the Scopes 1 & 2 emissions in tons of CO2-equivalent by million \$ sales. Intensities are broken down by JPM CEMBI sector and are security weighted.
ESG aware	This product undertakes investments that explicitly assess and integrate the sustainability characteristics of companies in the investment process.
ESG benchmark	A ticked 'ESG benchmark' box reflects that the ESG section in this document compares the ESG performance of the portfolio with an ESG index. In case the box is not ticked, this means that the ESG section in this document compares the ESG performance of the portfolio with a non-ESG index or that no comparison is performed due to a lack of a recognized benchmark. The investor shall read the legal documentation of the Fund to understand how the benchmark is used. In any case, a ticked 'ESG benchmark' box does not mean that the ESG benchmark is used to attain the ESG strategy of the fund.
ESG Controversy Flag	ESG Controversy Flag is designed to provide timely and consistent assessments of ESG controversies involving publicly traded companies and fixed income issuers. A controversy case is typically a one-off event such as an environmental oil spill, an accident, or allegations such as safety issues in a production facility. Controversy flags can be red, orange, yellow or green. Red indicates that a company is involved in one or more very severe controversies. Orange indicates that a company has been involved in one or more recent severe structural controversies that are ongoing. Yellow indicates that the company is involved in severe-to-moderate level controversies. Green indicates that the company is not involved in any major controversies. For further information on the methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing.
ESG Quality score	The ESG Quality score, based on MSCI ESG scores of underlyings, is measured on a scale from 0 (very poor) to 10 (very good). It does not correspond directly to the underlying Environment, Social and Governance Pillar scores. The Pillar scores are derived on an absolute basis, while the portfolio ESG Quality score is adjusted by MSCI to reflect the industry-specific level of ESG risk exposure. As Pillar scores are absolute, and the portfolio ESG Quality score is relative, the first cannot be averaged to derive the latter. The coverage rate is security weighted.
lssuer ESG Rating	Company and Government ESG Ratings, which are provided by MSCI ESG, are measured on a scale from AAA (highest rating) to CCC (lowest rating). Company ESG Ratings are based on the issuer's exposure to industry specific ESG risks and its ability to mitigate those risks relative to peers. Company ESG Ratings are calculated on an industry relative basis while the underlying individual E, S and G Ratings are absolute. Hence, the ESG Rating cannot be seen as an average of the individual E, S and G Ratings. Government ESG Ratings identify a country's exposure to and management of ESG risk factors and explain how these factors might impact the long-term sustainability of its economy. They are derived from 0-10 scores on underlying factors in the E, S and G pillars. For further information the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing.
Ex post	Refers to metrics based on historical data
Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	Scope 1 emissions are generated by a company directly from owned or controlled sources such as the burning of fuels (stationary or mobile), industrial processes etc. Scope 2 emissions are indirect emissions, primarily those associated with the electricity consumed by a company. Scope 3 emissions are all other indirect emissions associated with a company's operations, such as business travel, waste generated, and products both upstream (in the supply chain) and downstream (use of the products and end of life). Scope 3 emissions typically account for the largest proportion of a company's emissions.
ITD	Inception-to-date
Maximum drawdown	Represents the worst possible result (in percentage terms) that occurred during the period being analyzed.
MTD	Month-to-date
MSCI	MSCI refers to the external data provider MSCI ESG Research LLC and/or its affiliates.
MSCI ESG Methodology	For further information on the methodology applied to assess the ESG characteristics of the investments, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing.
VAV	Net Asset Value
Not ratable / No data coverage	Where MSCI considers an asset type for ESG analysis but data on an economic exposure is unavailable due to a lack of data from the data vendor, the investmer falls under the category "No data coverage". Where MSCI considers an asset type out of scope for ESG analysis (e.g. Cash, Currency), the economic exposure falls under the category "Not ratable". For further information regarding excluded asset types, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing.
Ongoing Charges	The calculation of the ongoing charge is based on the Committee of European Securities Regulators/10-674 Directive. For a maximum of 12 months from fund fiscal year end and since inception, the ongoing charges figure is based on estimated expenses. After that, the ongoing charges correspond to the TER of the last annual report. It excludes performance fees and portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/exit charge paid by the fund when buying or selling shares/units in another collective investment undertaking.
Portfolio ESG Rating	Discrepancies may exist between the portfolio-level ESG Rating calculated by UBS applying the MSCI methodology (provided in this factsheet) and the ESG Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing.
Proprietary fixed income	Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please
Proprietary fixed income ESG Signal	Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing. For risk management purposes, the investment manager integrates ESG factors into the security analysis to develop a proprietary waterfall combining ESG ratings of multiple data providers. External data sources considered are Lucror, MSCI, Sustainalytics, Inrate, Clarity AI and Refinitiv. The rating can yield a "positive", "neutral" or "negative" ESG signal. Where the external providers do not make the necessary data on the issuer available, the ESG signal cannot be computed,
Proprietary fixed income ESG Signal	Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing. For risk management purposes, the investment manager integrates ESG factors into the security analysis to develop a proprietary waterfall combining ESG ratings of multiple data providers. External data sources considered are Lucror, MSCI, Sustainalytics, Inrate, Clarity AI and Refinitiv. The rating can yield a "positive", "neutral" or "negative" ESG signal. Where the external providers do not make the necessary data on the issuer available, the ESG signal cannot be computed, and these investments fall into the category "not rated". The proprietary methodology applied by the investment manager is not subject to third party assurance.
Proprietary fixed income ESG Signal QTD Rating Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation	Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing. For risk management purposes, the investment manager integrates ESG factors into the security analysis to develop a proprietary waterfall combining ESG ratings of multiple data providers. External data sources considered are Lucror, MSCI, Sustainalytics, Inrate, Clarity AI and Refinitiv. The rating can yield a "positive", "neutral" or "negative" ESG signal. Where the external providers do not make the necessary data on the issuer available, the ESG signal cannot be computed, and these investments fall into the category "not rated". The proprietary methodology applied by the investment manager is not subject to third party assurance Quarter-to-date A measure of creditworthiness of a financial instrument (e.g. bond) or their issuer (e.g. corporate or sovereign). They are published by credit rating agencies and
Proprietary fixed income ESG Signal QTD Rating Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR)	Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing. For risk management purposes, the investment manager integrates ESG factors into the security analysis to develop a proprietary waterfall combining ESG ratings of multiple data providers. External data sources considered are Lucror, MSCI, Sustainalytics, Inrate, Clarity AI and Refinitiv. The rating can yield a "positive", "neutral" or "negative" ESG signal. Where the external providers do not make the necessary data on the issuer available, the ESG signal cannot be computed, and these investments fall into the category "not rated". The proprietary methodology applied by the investment manager is not subject to third party assurance Quarter-to-date A measure of creditworthiness of a financial instrument (e.g. bond) or their issuer (e.g. corporate or sovereign). They are published by credit rating agencies and can be combined into a single representative metric. Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services
Proprietary fixed income ESG Signal QTD Rating Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) Swing Pricing Sustainable investment	Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing. For risk management purposes, the investment manager integrates ESG factors into the security analysis to develop a proprietary waterfall combining ESG rating of multiple data providers. External data sources considered are Lucror, MSCI, Sustainalytics, Inrate, Clarity AI and Refinitiv. The rating can yield a "positive", "neutral" or "negative" ESG signal. Where the external providers do not make the necessary data on the issuer available, the ESG signal cannot be computed, and these investments fall into the category "not rated". The proprietary methodology applied by the investment manager is not subject to third party assurance Quarter-to-date A measure of creditworthiness of a financial instrument (e.g. bond) or their issuer (e.g. corporate or sovereign). They are published by credit rating agencies and can be combined into a single representative metric. Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector A method used to calculate the net asset values of investment funds. Which allows transaction costs arising funds from subscriptions made by incoming investors and redemptions made by outgoing investors to be borne by the incoming and outgoing investors, rather than existing investors.
Proprietary fixed income ESG Signal QTD Rating Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) Swing Pricing Sustainable investment objective	Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing. For risk management purposes, the investment manager integrates ESG factors into the security analysis to develop a proprietary waterfall combining ESG ratings of multiple data providers. External data sources considered are Lucror, MSCI, Sustainalytics, Inrate, Clarity AI and Refinitiv. The rating can yield a "positive", "neutral" or "negative" ESG signal. Where the external providers do not make the necessary data on the issuer available, the ESG signal cannot be computed, and these investments fall into the category "not rated". The proprietary methodology applied by the investment manager is not subject to third party assurance Quarter-to-date A measure of creditworthiness of a financial instrument (e.g. bond) or their issuer (e.g. corporate or sovereign). They are published by credit rating agencies and can be combined into a single representative metric. Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector A method used to calculate the net asset values of investment funds. Which allows transaction costs arising funds from subscriptions made by incoming investors and redemptions made by outgoing investors to be borne by the incoming and outgoing investors, rather than existing investors. Where the 'sustainable investment objective' box is ticked, this means that the product implements our investment strategies that allocate capital into companies that offer solutions to society's cha
Protfolio ESG Rating Proprietary fixed income ESG Signal QTD Rating Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) Swing Pricing Sustainable investment objective TNA WAL	Ratings displayed by other providers (e.g., MSCI ESG fund ratings). There are three main reasons for these potential deviations: (1) UBS uses updated month-end holdings data as basis for its calculation, (2) UBS consistently uses underlying issuer data where applicable (e.g., equity issuer in case of a convertible bond), and (3) look-through approach for target funds applied by UBS. The coverage rate is security weighted. For further information on the MSCI methodology, please refer to www.msci.com/esg-investing. For risk management purposes, the investment manager integrates ESG factors into the security analysis to develop a proprietary waterfall combining ESG ratings of multiple data providers. External data sources considered are Lucror, MSCI, Sustainalytics, Inrate, Clarity AI and Refinitiv. The rating can yield a "positive", "neutral" or "negative" ESG signal. Where the external providers do not make the necessary data on the issuer available, the ESG signal cannot be computed, and these investments fall into the category "not rated". The proprietary methodology applied by the investment manager is not subject to third party assurance Quarter-to-date A measure of creditworthiness of a financial instrument (e.g. bond) or their issuer (e.g. corporate or sovereign). They are published by credit rating agencies and can be combined into a single representative metric. Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services sector A method used to calculate the net asset values of investment funds. Which allows transaction costs arising funds from subscriptions made by incoming investors and redemptions made by outgoing investors to be borne by the incoming and outgoing investors, rather than existing investors. Where the 'sustainable investment objective' box is ticked, this means that the product implements our investment objective is achieved through a dedicated investment process focusing on investments

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